

EARTHQUAKE, CLOUDBURST, HURRICANE, KILL MANY IN ITALY

ROOSEVELT IS A NATIONAL JOKE; WOW

Democrat Says Nation Is Not Suffering From Disease, Only Political Rash.

IS A FRIEND OF MR. SHERMAN

Utica, N. Y., Oct. 25.—Alton B. Parker and Dr. M. W. Stryker, president of Hamilton college, were the principal speakers at a Democratic mass meeting here last night.

President Stryker, a life-long Republican and supporter of vice president Sherman, and who as a trustee of Hamilton college recently announced himself for Dix, the Democratic candidate for governor, devoted nearly all of his address to ridicule of Roosevelt.

President Stryker said:

"I resent Roosevelt as a national or state issue. I have had enough of him. In New York he is one thing and in Kansas another. In Massachusetts he puts his arms around Beveridge. In New York he talks against bosses and in Cincinnati he kisses them."

"One of the most curious things is that he does not say how funny he is. There may be one who thinks he would be a good Diaz, but few of us who make good Mexicans. He has been preaching disparagement of the supreme court, the final bulwark of our liberty. But it is not a deep disease from which we have been suffering. It's only a rash. Our complexion is clearing. We are on the road to recovery."

"On the 9th of November the watchman on the tower will call out, 'The wind has gone down; all is well.'"

DEMOCRATS NEED MONEY TO DEFEAT ROOSEVELT.

Former President Says It Will Take All Tammany Can Raise From Wall Street to Do It.

Binghamton, N. Y., Oct. 25.—Col. Roosevelt referred to his speech here last night to a circular which he said the Democrats had sent out. He had one of the circulars in his hands.

"The Democratic party in this campaign stands for tranquility and peace, and is opposed to the wild doctrines of Roosevelt," he read from the paper.

"Well, the big Roosevelt doctrine is 'Thou shalt not steal,'" he said.

"To defeat the Roosevelt policies will require for legitimate uses a large outlay of money," he continued, again reading from the circular.

"This appeal," he said, "is signed by Charles F. Murphy and others."

"They may call them the Roosevelt policies if they wish," the colonel continued. "They are the policies of the average far-sighted man. It will require a larger outlay of money than all the money Tammany hall can collect from Wall street."

"I think we'll win," Mr. Roosevelt exclaimed, "and win next time. We've got the Republican party on the high-octane plane it has ever been in New York state."

GARFIELD PAYS HIS RESPECTS TO FORAKER

Ravenna, Ohio, Oct. 25.—In a speech here James R. Garfield scored former senator Jos. B. Foraker for his attack on Col. Roosevelt Saturday and urged the voters to defeat United States senator Dick for reelection. He denied that Foraker in any way represented the Republican party.

Defending "the new nationalism," Mr. Garfield said:

"If it be treason to say that splints must be driven from politics and treason to say that the federal government must protect the remaining natural resources in the public domain, then I say let Foraker and those that are with him make the most of such treason."

NEW MEXICO RETAINS ITS NAME UNCHANGED

Santa Fe, N. M., Oct. 25.—In committee of the whole, after an interesting debate this forenoon, and then in convention, the preamble of the constitution was adopted and also article 1, which adopts the name of New Mexico for the new state, thus settling at rest the agitation to make it the state of Lincoln. There was not a dissenting vote on this nor on the section which fixes the boundaries as they are defined in the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo, by the Gadsden purchase, by the statutes at large of the United States and as ratified by the legislature of Texas in 1850. This makes the 10th meridian and the bed of the Rio Grande as it was in 1850 the eastern boundary of the new state, and incorporates into New Mexico 600,000 acres of the land now considered in Texas, and upon which is the county seat of Pecos county, Farwell, Texline and part of El Paso county.

The boundary dispute between Colorado, involving the town of Edith, was unsolved, as both commonwealths agree upon the 37th parallel and the dispute is merely one of an official survey of that parallel.

There was no afternoon session today, as the Republican caucus did not complete its deliberations last night on the question of whether the supreme court shall be elective or appointive.

It was only a brief session that was

BULL FIGHTING DOOMED IN MEXICO

Son of Patriot Benito Juarez Declares the Country Will Drive It Out.

REMEMBERS DAYS OF MAXIMILLIAN

Benito Juarez was the only president of Mexico who opposed the bull fight, and, hearing that the son was like his father in that regard, officers of the international humane society extended Benito Juarez, Jr., an invitation to address it. Mr. Juarez accepted at once and read his paper before the assembled humanitarians at Washington and was made an honorary member of the society.

"Bull fighting is not indicative of a civilized country; it does not denote culture," declared Mr. Juarez, as he sat in the lobby of hotel Orndorff, where he is stopping en route home to Mexico.

"During the time of the French invasion my mother and I—I was just a young boy—were sent to New York. Later we lived in Washington City. My father was then in Paso del Norte (now Ciudad Juarez)."

"But regarding bull fighting. We are going to win. No, there is no organized movement among Mexicans, but many prominent men are against it, speak against it, and act against it. It is not like prize fighting. The bull represents a great investment; the one in Mexico City is the finest in the world. Then, too, the raisers of bulls for the rings rely upon the amusement. So it is an industry that must be fought. It is hard work, but we will win. Argentine has done it."

"I do not remember a great deal about the invasion of Maximilian. I was about 15 years of age when he was shot. I think it was just. He had issued a decree that all Mexicans found in arms should be shot, like bandits. After that, what could you expect? He was an invader. It was not because my father had a bad heart."

"I remember Washington, my national capital, as a child. Was surrounded by mother and I were there. I used to know general Grant's son. Yes, I went to school at 'the Church Around the Corner' in New York."

"Politically? I am not a Democrat. No we are not antirepublicanists. That is a principle which has nothing to do with a republic. You haven't it in the United States. If a man is good, he should be reelected. In the last election we opposed the reelection of Corral. We did not place a candidate against Diaz. It is no use."

"In Mexico, everything has been personal. We need principles, and that is what the Democrats are trying to give, something which will live after the man is dead. Corral? He appears to be sick. I understand he wants to leave to take the baths at Carlsbad, Germany. Diaz? He is surrounded by very smart men, 'scientists.' They are not good men; yes, like your trust magnates. Creel? He is a good man. He is next in line below Corral, just as your secretary of state. Madero is a good man. He is popular here. Reyes is not so popular now."

"Yes, I like Roosevelt. He is a complete man, a little too radical at times, but a good man. We need a radical man sometimes. Radical things must be done sometimes."

Mr. Juarez has visited Ciudad Juarez, the city named after his father. He saw and was pleased with the new monument erected to his father. Last night he was entertained by the Masonic lodge of Juarez. He has been a Mason since his 20th year.

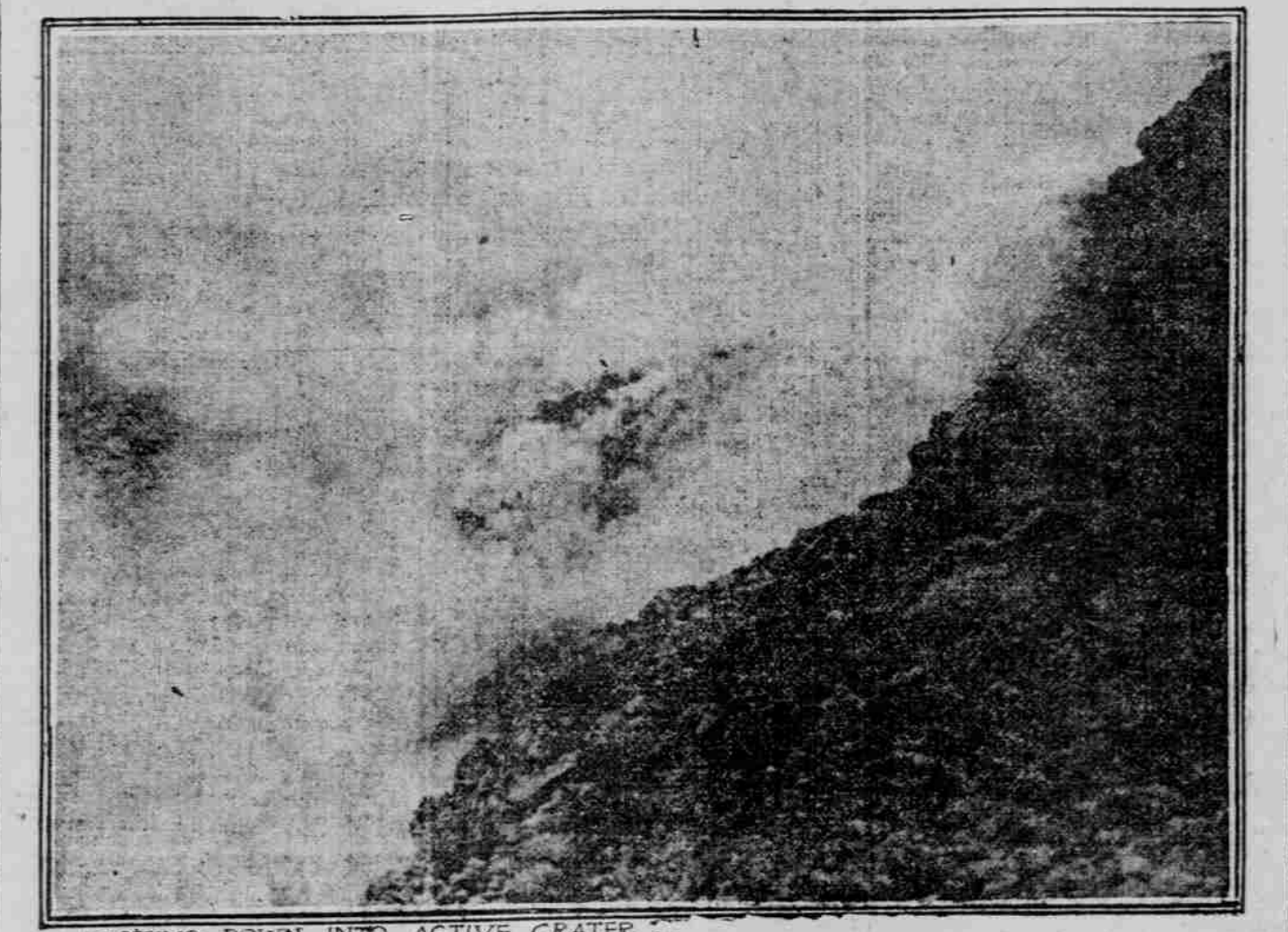
Mr. Juarez may remain a few days in El Paso. He is accompanied by Mrs. Juarez.

Mrs. Maude Burnham, daughter of Parker Burnham, city jailer, has returned home from Los Angeles.

YOUNG FARMER, SICK AND WORRIED, ENDS HIS LIFE

Mt. Vernon, Texas, Oct. 25.—Arthur Aldridge, age 29 and married, ended his life at his home a few miles east of here today by shooting himself in the head with a revolver. The bullet penetrated the brain and death was instantaneous. His health and financial worry are said to have prompted the deed.

Vesuvius In Eruption, Destroying Life In Italy



LOOKING DOWN INTO ACTIVE CRATER

ETHEL LENEVE IS ACQUITTED

London, England, Oct. 25.—Ethel Clare Leneve was today acquitted of the charge of being an accessory after the fact in the murder of Cora Belle Crippen, known on the stage as Belle Elmore.

The trial lasted but a few hours, only such evidence being introduced as had been brought out in previous hearings.

Miss Leneve's counsel asked the jury to bear in mind that Miss Leneve had been under the influence of Crippen, one of the most dangerous criminals of recent years ever since she was 16 years of age.

EDITOR FINED FOR CONTEMPT.

There was a sequel to the Crippen murder case today when the high court inflicted a fine of \$1000 on assistant editor Parris for contempt of court in permitting the publication in the London Chronicle of a story asserting that Dr. Crippen had purchased hyoscin and had confessed to the murder of his wife.

The court ordered Parris to be imprisoned until the fine is paid.

BALLOONISTS TO GET RELIEF

Lost in Trackless Forests of Canada, Two Daring Air Pilots May Perish.

BALLOON TO TAKE THEM AID

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 25.—The plan to send a balloon with supplies to search for Alan Hawley and Augustus Post, the crew of the missing balloon America II, were hastened today. St. Louis Von Puhl, who will pilot the relief aeroplane, will leave here tonight for Canada, and will begin his aerial hunt from Sault Ste. Marie.

This plan was decided upon at a meeting of the board of governors of the Aero club of St. Louis last night. Von Puhl will take with him J. M. O'Reilly, his aid in the international race which started from St. Louis a week ago Monday. From Sault Ste. Marie, where the balloon will be inflated, he will go north into that part of Canada where Hawley and Post are now supposed to be.

The rescue party will take along a month's provisions and a light collapsible canoe, and they expect to find favorable air currents which will carry them into the wilderness and make possible the location of the America's crew. The Aero club officials here are now working on the theory that Hawley and Post are to be found in the country contiguous to James Bay and north of the Lake Superior region.

Von Puhl began last night to get his equipment for the journey together.

Out of Gas Four Days.

Last night marked the end of a week since the big balloon started. Four days ago, at the latest, it is estimated, the gas which buoyed the balloon in the prevailing northeast winds, must have lost its potency.

The possibility that the missing aeronauts may have fallen into one of the great lakes or even passed beyond the province of Quebec to the Atlantic and been lost, is realized.

But the strong probability is held to be that they have landed in one of two immense tracts of Canadian wilderness. One of these lies between Lake Huron and Hudson bay. The other comprises a triangle in eastern Quebec, thousands of square miles in extent, formed by the Quebec & Lake St. John railway, the Saguenay river and the St. Lawrence.

Many of the balloons that have been reported, descended within striking distance of construction camps along the National Transcontinental railway, which is being driven across northern

Put On Your New Blue Bonnet With the Gold Trimmings On It

Then You'll Have the Official Colors of the El Paso Fair

Blue, the bluebonnet blue of Texas. Gold, the color of the southwestern sunshine.

These are to be the official colors of the El Paso Fair and Exposition. Next week, the first week of the new month, will be blue and gold week. Merchants are being requested to decorate their display windows and store fronts in the two colors, typifying El Paso and Texas.

These colors will be carried by the participants in the third annual horse show Monday night. They will be present in the Os-Aple parade, while hunting and ribbons will flutter in all parts of the fair grounds in the prevailing colors of blue and gold. Property owners will be requested to hang out the American flag and also display the fair colors.

For Saturday, Nov. 5, which is school children's day, an invitation has been sent to the schools of the territory surrounding El Paso, inviting the teachers and children to come to El Paso for the fair and inspect the model school exhibit. The children invited to attend the fair from outside of the city will be the guests of the Fair association.

Fair Holidays.

El Paso and Texas day at the El Paso fair, Wednesday, November 2, will be proclaimed a holiday throughout the city by mayor C. E. Kelly. The schools, factories, banks, stores and public offices will close on that day so that everyone may attend the big fair. Dan Patch day, Friday, November 4, will also be proclaimed a holiday by the mayor.

Saturday at noon the formal and official opening of the second annual El Paso Fair will be announced by the blowing of whistles and ringing of bells throughout the city. This will be done at the same time that Judge Joseph Magoffin presses the golden key at the fair grounds which will start the machinery.

The opening will be preceded by a parade of the representatives of the various fraternal, labor and benevolent organizations of the city. The Fort Bliss and the Paso City bands have donated their services for a massed

The Press Meeting.

The program of the Southwestern Editorial association meeting, to be held at the fair grounds on Friday, November 4, Mrs. J. L. Vaughn, of Mexocoma, Mexico, has entered a lemon tree in the horticultural department, making what is expected to be the only citrus exhibit at the fair. The lemon tree is bearing and will be given a prominent place.

Cat Show.

The cat breeders of the city are taking an interest in the cat show, but more entries are needed to complete the show.

The Press Meeting.

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The complete program follows:

1. Address of welcome—Mayor C. E. Kelly.
2. Response—President Sid Wharton, editor Citizen, Cimarron, N. M.
3. Advantages and Disadvantages of a Woman Editor—Ira Farrell, editor San Marchal Standard.
4. Is Editing a Country Weekly a

(Continued on Page 2.)

MEXICAN SHOT TWICE; VENDETTA OF LONG STANDING HOME BURNED ONCE

A vendetta of many years' duration in El Paso and Ciudad Juarez was given another chapter Monday night by the assault in the Mexican border city of Octaviano Garcia, veteran of the Mexican army.

Summoned by a knock at the door of his home in Partido Escobedo, the old soldier opened the door to find nobody there. Turning to enter the house, he was shot. A bullet of the soft nose variety, tore off his right ear, and fur-

100 PERSONS MEET DEATH; COUNTRY IS WHOLLY DEVASTATED

FOUR WARSHIPS SENT TO GIVE RELIEF

Famous Lucullus Baths Buried By Volcano—New Volcano Breaks Out and Spreads Death and Destruction Simultaneously With Eruption Of Vesuvius. Hail, Rain and Wind Complete Devastation.

Naples, Italy, Oct. 25.—The beautiful coasts of the bay of Naples and the gulf of Salerno and the islands of Ischia and Procida have been devastated by a peculiar combination of elements.

First reports said that 250 persons had been killed, but later and more accurate reports reduce the number of fatalities to about 100. The monetary loss is very heavy.

The disaster appears to have come in the form of a tornado, having three centers, first, over the island of Ischia; second, over the town of Torre del Greco, on the east coast of the bay of Naples, and, third, sweeping the gulf of Salerno.

WIND, CLOUDBURST, VOLCANO.

Accompanying the wind was a cloudburst, tidal wave and a violent eruption from Mount Vesuvius and from a crater suddenly opened on the summit of the long extinct Mount Epomeo on the island of Ischia.

The coasts of the Minolia, yesterday beautiful with their growth of orange, lemon and mandarin trees, have been run over with rivers of mud and ashes from Vesuvius.

Landslides have almost obliterated the unique highroad from Sorrento to Amalfi and Salerno.

FAMOUS BATHS DESTROYED.

The famous baths of Lucullus have been destroyed.

At some points of the Isle of Ischia lava from Mount Epomeo is 20 feet deep.

When the storm was at its height, enormous hailstones fell and huge rocks detached from mountain peaks, came tumbling down.

Great damage was done to the towns of Casamicciola, Portici, Torre del Greco, Resina, Amalfi, Sorrento, Maiori, Angri, Ponte Cagnano, Vietri and Monte Corvino.

In the town of Vietri on the gulf of Salerno, 12 bodies have been taken from the wrecked houses, and there are many more.

NAPLES SUFFERS SEVERELY.

Naples suffered from a fierce storm of wind and rain, the damage amounting to millions.

Every section of the city bears the marks of the gale. The suburbs were even more seriously affected, several persons being killed. The surrounding country has been devastated, great quantities of grapes, vines, trees, walks and tops of houses being scattered about in all directions.

An avalanche of stones and mud rushed down Mount Vesuvius above the lava line of the eruption of 1906. It swept all before it as far as the town of Portici. It wrecked the tram

line and engulfed nearly a score of victims.

BUILDINGS FLIMSY.

In the country in the direct path of the hurricane after the earthquake of 1883, these places were rebuilt with the very thinnest houses, which, while admirably calculated to resist earthquakes, were unable to withstand the violence of the late storm.

The very flimsy nature of the structures probably permitted most of the occupants to escape.

There is much anxiety here, as many residents of Naples hotels fled to Ischia to escape the cholera.

Signor Sacchi, minister of public works, and admiral Leonardo, minister of marine, have already arrived at Naples. They will make an inspection of the district and direct, if necessary, the work of rescue and relief.

The ministry of the interior has ordered four men of war to hurry to the scene with men and supplies.

GEOGRAPHICAL-HISTORICAL.

Casamicciola is 12 miles southwest of Pozzuoli at the foot of Mount Epomeo. It was nearly destroyed by an earthquake in July, 1883, when about 1700 lives were lost. It had since been rebuilt and has a population of about 4000.

The island of Ischia is in the Mediterranean sea, 16 miles southwest of the city of Naples. Communication with the island is difficult.

"BATHTUB TRUST" IS CALLED FOR TRIAL.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 25.—The department of justice will begin taking testimony in the government's suit against the so-called "bathbub trust" in Pittsburgh, October 31, before Lindsey C. Spencer, a Baltimore attorney, who has been appointed special master to hear the proceedings.

PRUSSIAN KILLED IN AN AIRCRAFT.

Magdeburg, Prussia, Oct. 25.—Lieut. Monte fell with a Wright aeroplane today and was killed.

The air man was gliding to the earth when he started the motor and the strain caused the machine to turn turtle.

ARIZONA WILL HAVE THE RECALL FEATURE

Phoenix, Ariz., Oct. 25.—A partial report on the bill of rights was made this afternoon. The principal feature was the declaration against capital punishment expected to be fought by attorneys in the convention.

The committee on recall will make a favorable report in a couple of days.

Among the new propositions submitted is one prohibiting lobbying in the state legislature, one relating to labor and prohibiting employment of aliens in underground or hazardous work.

NEWSPAPER BAN RAISED.

The ban on newspaper men was raised today by the constitutional convention, which voted again to allow them the privileges of the floor. This action followed the receipt of a letter from the superintendent of the Anti-Saloon league, whose alleged lobbyings a member of the staff of a local newspaper caused the convention to bar reporters. In his letter the writer relinquished the privileges of the floor, which had been granted him.

An effort was made today to go into committee of the whole on the constitution preamble, but the motion was defeated. It is expected that when the question comes up that there will be a spirited discussion over the incorporation of the word "deity" in the preamble.

WAS PEARY BEATEN TO POLE IN 1360?

Washington, D. C., Oct. 25.—Navy department officials have unearthed an old history in which the claim is made that the north pole was discovered in 1360 by a friar of Oxford. It is called "A New Naval History of Complete Review of the British Marine," and it was published by John Entick in London in 1757. On one of its musty pages the following paragraph appears:

"In the year 1360 it is reported that a friar of Oxford, called Nicholas de Linna, or Lynn, being a good astronomer, went in company with others to the most northern island of the world and there, leaving his company together, he traveled alone, and made draughts of all those northern parts with the indrawing seas; which at his return he presented to the king of England. It is added that he went to the north pole, by means of his skill in magic, or the black art; but this magic or black art, may probably have been nothing more than a knowledge of the magnetic needle or compass, found out about 60 years before, though not in common use until many years after."